the fury with which he fired thrice at his victim does not admit this allegation. The only disputable point in his defense is whether, as he pretends, he really sur-prised his wife in flagrante deliteu. Madame denies it. Abeille either was not able or did not desire to furnish any explanation. Although the inquiry of the judge proves that there was much to set aside the aggravation of the circumstance of premeditation, the proof is sufficient to justify the charge of voluntary homicide, which is punishable by Articles 29 and 304 by the penal code.

REMARKABLE SERIES OF DUELS.

M. Roules Fights Four Men and Wounds

All of Them with His Sword. Paris. May 19 .- A quadruple encounter with swords was fought yesterday by M. Roules and three other men named Lecler, Dumolen and Blondel. The quarrel arose from a dispute over the merits of the new opera "Salambo." M. Roules criticised the piece rather severely during the evening in the hearing of Lecler, Dumolin and Blondel, and a violent altercation took place, ending in an exchange of blows. At 9 o'clock yesterday morning the antagonists and their seconds went to a spot behind the grand-stand at the Long Champs race-course. The first duel was fought by M. Roules and M. Blondel. The latter, after a few passes, received a wound in the right lung, three inches deep, and was carried off the field. M. Dumolin then faced M. Koules, who at the first thrust ran his rapier through the arm of his opponent, burying the steel in his breast. The third combat was more pro-longed, but after a struggle of fifteen min-utes M. Lecler was driven against a tree and received a wound in the face. M. Avarginet, M. Blondel's second, then interposed on behalf of the vanquished friend, declaring himself ready to fight M. Roules, and threatening to slap his face it satisfaction was not given, upon which M. Roules promptly faced his new adversary, and succeeded in wounding him in the neck, narrowly missing inflicting a mortal injury. The quadruple encounter was over by 9:30, and the party returned to Paris. About fifty people were assembled at the scene of the encounter, which will in future be famous in the annals of French queling. M. Blondel's wound causes great anxiety.

## GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

Three Villages Destroyed by an Eearthquake

ODESSA, May 19-Dispatches have been received here telling of a catastrophe caused by an earthquake in Transcaucasia. Only meager details of the calamity has as yet been learned, but it is known that three villages near the fortified town of Erivan. on the Zenni, have been destroyed, and that twenty-seven persons have been killed, and a large number of others injured. The seismic disturbances were of an appalling character, the vibrations being so heavy that the most solid buildings in the places affected by the quake were shaken from their foundations and sent crashing to the earth. The inhabitants rushed terrified from their tottering homes only to be killed or maimed by the falling structures. The most intense excitement followed the awful visitation, and many harrowing scenes were witnessed.

Cable Notes. The Rev. Kennedy Bell, rector at Little Bedwin, England, who was arrested on the charge of having indecently assaulted on a railway train Miss Britain and Miss Abery.

has been arraigned before a police magis-trate and committed for trial in sureties

An unknown plague is killing off cattle slong the Mexican border, especially in the Elias range. The disease consists of swelling of the head of the animals in an extraordinary manner, which is succeeded by general trembling or chill, and a short time afterwards death. The same complaint is made from Arizona cattlemen.

## TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Prof. J. G. Schurman has been elected president of Cornell University. Secretary Blaine has another grandchild, his daughter, Mrs. Walter Dam-rosch, having given birth to a daughter

The white G. A. R. posts of Louisiana and Mississippi have disbanded on account of Commander Palmer's order compelling them to recognize the colored posts.

Nina Farrington, a member of the New York Casino Company, has brought suit for slander against the Baroness Blanc. Nina thinks she has been damaged to the extent of \$45,000.

Mme. Patti, Signor Nicolini and Dr. Leslie E. Keely, of gold-cure fame, were passengers on the steamer City of New York, which sailed from New York for

Liverpool Wednesday. The Pike Manufecturing Company, wholesale dealers in plummers' supplies at Boston, with works at Pell City, Ala., has assigned to Lemuel W. Peters. Liabilities

and assets at present unknown.

The car drivers on the various lines of the New Orleans city and lake railroad companies, of which Joseph Walker is president, went on strike last evening, and cars are being run with non-union. drivers. stitution to women. It is not intended to introduce co-education at Tuft's, but the movement is similar to that taken by

Dr. Edward Von B. Bensley and Prof. T. J. Lawrence, both of Cambridge University, England; Dr. Edward W. Bemis, of the Vanderbilt University at Nashville, and Mr. O. T. Thatcher, of Allegheny, Pa., have been appointed in the university extension faculty of the University of Chicago.

Nicholas Beck, of Salt Lake City, U. T., convicted of unlawful cohabitation last year, sent to the penitentiary and pardoned by President Harrison on promise of obedience to the laws, was, Wednesday, before Judge Zane, convicted of adultery with an alleged plural wife, Sentence will be passed May 25.

Hop Sing, the Chinese leper, who was shipped to the Pacific coast last July, has returned to New York. He tells a woeful story of his experience on the Canadian border, where he was carried back and forth across the line until the railroads got tired of hauling the box car in which he had been placed.

## Movements of Steamers.

NEW YORK, May 19 .- Arrived: Majestic and Wisconsin, from Liverpool; Trave, from Bremen; Spaardam, from Rotterdam. LONDON, May 19.-The Augusta Victoria, frem New York, has passed Scilly islands. LIZARD, May 19.-Passed: Canada, from New York, for London. BREMERHAVEN, May 19 .- Arrived: Lahn,

from New York. BROWHEAD, May 19 .- Sighted: Wyoming, from New York.

HAMBURG, May 19. - Arrived: Rugia, from New York.

Little Countess Margery in Hard Luck. SALT LAKE, U. T., May 19 .- Countess Margery, who is known the world over as Mrs. Gen. Tom Thumb, has met with an unexpected reverse of her former good fortune. She has had an attachment levied on her theatrical effects, including her wardrobe and jewelry. The suit is brought by Kellogg & Keiler, who four years ago sold Mrs. Thumb a museum in Denver, taking as payment in part her notes for \$7,000.

Train Robber Perry Given Forty-Nine Years. ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 19.-Oliver Curtis Perry pleaded guilty to four indictments to-day in court at Lyons and was sentenced to forty-nine and a quarter years at hard work in Anburn prison.

Will Do Them No Good.

Kansas City Journa'. It will do the Democrats no good to "view with alarm" the administration of President Harrison. They can't scare the country with so pleasing a sight as that.

Creamry Burned.

MOORE'S HILL, Ind., May 18 .- The farmers' co-operative creamery at Dillsborough burned Monday at noon. Butldings and machinery were new. Loss, \$5,600; no insurance.

\$3.50 to Chicago. \$3.50

SOUTHERN DIVINE SELECTED

Rev. W. C. Young Chosen Moderator of the Presby terian General Assembly.

Able Kentuckian Who May Assist in Uniting the Northern and Southern Wings of the Church-Victory for Conservatives.

Methodist Conference Spends Another Day in Electing Advocate Editors.

Some of the Delegates Criticised for Trivia Conduct During the Bailoting-The Time Limit Discussed Again.

PRESBYTERIANS AT PORTLAND. Rev. William C. Young Chosen Moderator

After a Spirited Contest. PORTLAND, Ore., May 19 .- The first day's session of the Presbyterian General Assembly is at an end and the first contest has been fought. The victory lies with the conservatives by a vote of just five majority of those who answered to their names, but not by a majority of those on the roll. The question thus settled is that of the moderatorship, and it goes to tle president of Cantor College, Danville, Ky., Rev. Wm. C. Young. The fight was a stub-

The General Assembly was opened with an invocation by Dr. John G. Riehidoffer, of Redwood Falls, Minn., the oldest clerical commissioner present, because of the absence of Dr. Green, of Princeton, moderator, on account of illness. Dr. Rufus S. Green, of Orange, N. J., fellowed with a Scripture reading. Prayer was then delivered by John M. Holmes, of Albany, N. Y. The sermon of the retiring moderator was read by Dr. Roberts. Dr. Brown.

born one, and three ballots were necessary

to decide the matter.

of Portland, Ore., then presented the report of the committee on arrangements. The report provides that the sessions be held from 9 A. M. until 12 M., from 1 P. M. until 5 P. M., and in the evening at 7:45, the also includes invitations for excursions to different points of interest. When the meeting was called to order in the afternoon Mr. George Junkin, of Phila-

delphia, gained the floor and moved that when the nominations for the moderatorship were made there should be no speeches allowed. The motion met with hearty response and was passed by an overwhelming vote. Immediately nine names were placed in nomination and balloting commenced. No time was lost. The names put in nomination were Robert Christie. D. D., of St. Paul; Rev. T. Ralston Smith. D. D., of Buffalo; Rev. Wallace Rancliffe, D. D., of Detroit; Rev. Wm. A. Bartlett, D. D., of Washington; Rev. S. J. McPherson, D. D., of Chicago; Rev. Wm. C. Young, D. D., of Danville; Rev. S. A. Mutchmore, D. D., of Philadelphia; Rev. Wm. Alexander, of San Rafael, Cal., and Coorge Lanking of Philadelphia George Jenkins, of Philadelphia. Doctors McPherson and Christie and Elder Jenkins attempted to withdraw, but were not al-

The voting resulted as follows: Christie, 15; Smith, 38; Radcliffe, 149; Bartlett, 17; McPherson, 107; Young, 128; Mutchmore, 83; Alexander, 8, and Jenkins, 3; The second ballot resulted: Christie, 1; Smith, 5; Radeliffe, 156; McPherson, 131; Young, 182; Mutchmore, 48; Alexander, 2, and Jenkins, 1. At this point Mutch more, Smith and Christie were allowed to retire. The third ballot resulted: McPherson, 93; Radeliffe, 159; Young, 268, being five more than the number necessary to a choice. Dr. Young was declared elected. The newly-elected moderator was welcomed in a neat speech. Dr. Young responded in a speech which is regarded as somewhat significant. He professed to believe that his election was largely due to geographical reasons and because he held views which are shared by every minister south of the Obio river. He further said that no part of the church is more loyal to the church and its standards than that represented by him. It stands for the Bible as that Bible is interpreted by this part

vention adjourned until to-morrow. Cumberland Presbyterians.

of the church. About 6 o'clock the con-

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 19 .- The General Assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church was called to order in the Courtstreet Church by Rev. D. S. Blake, State secretary, this afternoon. The roll-call showed an attendance of 260 delegates from beyond this State, one delegate being from Japan. After the roll-call Rev. W. T. Danley, D. D., of Kansas City, was elected moderator, and Capt. James Lee, of this city, delivered the address of welcome. The address was responded to by resident, went on strike last evening, and last evening, and last evening, and last evening and last evening, and last evening eveni speeches the delegates adjourned to meet at 8:30 to-morrow morning.

At the roll-call the first difficulty of the convention was encountered. Mrs. A. J. Johnson, of Nashville, Ill., was elected one of the presbyters of that church. Mrs. Johnson was not present, but when her name was called a gentleman held a proxy for her. The General Assembly does not recognize women as elders or presbyters. and the question as to the man's eligibility to hold a proxy from a woman was raised. The controversy threatened to be prolonged, and it was moved to pass over this name and pass upon the question tomorrow. Before the calling of the convention to order the Sunday-school conference held a session. Different plans for Sunday-school work were discussed, and it was agreed to urge on the assembly the necessity for closer attention to the sub-

United Presbyterian Home Missions. PITTSBURG, May 19.—The general committee on home missions of the United Presbyterian Church is in session here. Sixty delegates are in attendance, from all parts of the country. When the conference opened the following officers were elected: Chairman, Rev. F. M. Spencer, Sterling, Kan.; secretary, Rev. W. S. Ownes, Spokane, Wash.; assistant secretary, W. A. Spalding, Spokane, Wash. The report of work done shows that up to July, 1891, the entire amount expended by the board was \$1,098,597, an average outlay per year for thirty-two years of \$34,325. There are 4:5 organized congregations that have been or are now aided from the home mission funds, of which 262 are regarded as self-supporting. The appropriations for 1892, including grants, were \$68,787. The total receipts for the past year were \$94,-871.45 and total expenditures, \$13,265.83. Two hundred and twenty applications for money from missions and stations were received, the aggregate amount asked for being nearly \$50,000. The committee will be in session several days. The General Assembly of the U. P. Church will meet here next month.

Southern Assembly. HOT SPRINGS, Ark., May 19.—The Presbyterian General Assembly, comprising the synods of all the Southern States, convened in this city to-day, and will be in session probably two weeks. This is the thirty-second annual gathering of the organization, and the session promises to be the most important and interesting the history of the church. The assembly convened in the operahouse, this morning, and the election of reading and recording clerks was declared in order. Rev. P. R. Law, of the Fayetteville Presbytery, and Rev. W. C. Clark, of Nashville Presbytery, were elected, respectively. The assembly then took a recess until to morrow morning, when the transaction of business will begin.

MORE EDITORS ELECTED.

Methodists Continue the Work of Choosing Managers for Their Advocates. OMAHA, Neb., May 19.—Chaplain Mc-Cabe has organized a mixed choir, which | meant to say was: "Cleveland will wollup | Alexandria, Mo., is completely submerged. Via Pennsylvania Line from Indianapolis | is furnishing music for the Methodist Epis- | us."

presided to-day and Dr. George P. Main's SIOUX CITY CATASTROPHE

led the devetion & exercises. Mr. Amos Simple get the floor immedi-tely after the preliminaries and said he wanted to introduce a resolution that would save at least \$1,000. The resolution provided that during the election proceedings all but delegates should be excluded from the conference floor, and that in vot-ing all the delegates stand until the tellers passed them with the bat collecting the ballots, thus doing away with the call of the roll in voting. The resolution was

Dr. Arthur Edwards as editor of the Northwestern Christian Advocate by the last ballot taken on the previous day. Dr. Edwards got 307 votes out of a total of 45%. The election of an editor of the Central Christian Advocate was taken up. Dr Jesse Bowman Young, Chancellor C. F. Creighton, Dr. Masden, of St. Louis; Dr. McElroy, of Illinois; Rev. J. C. W. Coxe; Dr. Goodwin, of Illinois, and W. T. Smith, of Iowa, were nominated. Two ballots were required. On the second Dr. Jesse Bowman Young was elected.
Dr. C. W. Smith was the only man nomi-

nated for the editorship of the Pittsburg Advocate. His election was practically unanimous. For editor of the Northern Advocate, printed at Syracuse, N. Y., J. E. C. Sawyer The conference took up the election of an

editor for the California Christian Advo-

the incumbent, and Dr. W. S. Matthews, both of California.

Now the colored people were in it. The election of an editor for the Southwestern Christian Advocate interested them deeply. Dr. A. E. P. Albert, editor for the past four years, is a colored man. In fact, it is a paper published especially for the colored Methodists. Rev. Shumpert nominated Dr. A. E. P. Albert to succeed himself. The colored delegates had the conference all to themselves for haif an hour. Mr. Knox, of Kentucky, made a speech that sailed away into the clouds, and part of it never came down again. He nominated Dr. E. W. S. Hammond, of Kentucky. The contest lay between Dr. Albert and Dr. Hammond.

The samples of oratory presented by the colored brethren were very creditable to them. They spoke vigorously and plainly, and were heard all over the house. The ballot was taken and resulted in the choice of Mr. Hammond. FUN-LOVING DELEGATES CRITICISED. Mr. Field, of Philadelphia, got the floor during a ballot and delivered a scorching

ittle speech, in which he deprecated th tendency of some of the delegates to trifle with the matter of electing official editors. Votes had been cast, he said, that could voted for Amanda Smith, the colored latter to be popular meetings. The report | evangelist, and Mr. Field said he was mortified to think any member of the conference would ridicule this good woman by casting a trivial ballot with her name upon it. He called upon the delegates to desist from any such nonsense. He was tumultnously applauded. The question of publishing the names of the bishops who receive scattering votes for the different editorships was also discussed. Some wanted the names omitted from the list, but the conference thought that it would not hurt the bishops to see their names printed in the list of those receiving votes.

The election of an editor for the Methodist Apologete, the German paper published at Cincinnati, was taken up. Dr. William Nast, for many years editor of the Apologete, has decided to retire from the editorial chair. His sou, Prof. A. J. Nast, was elected to the position over Dr. J. L. Kestler. Dr. A. J. Leibhart was elected editor of the Haus und Herd, another German

Payne was nominated as corresponding secretary of the Board of Education. Dr. Bridgeman and Dr. L. E. Neely were also nominated. The ballot was taken and then the conference adjourned.

A report of the committee on consolidation of benevolence was sho into the proceedings to-day by a suspension of the regular order. It recommended that the Educational Society and the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Educational Society be not consolidated. The report was adopted. and again the friends of consolidation suffered defeat.

A report from the judicial committee was then run in. The bishops had asked whether the rules meant one-third of all the members, one-third of all present or one-third of all members visiting. The committee decided that the rules meant one-third of all the members in the house at the time of the call, whether they voted or not. The report was adopted.

Then the regular order was taken up. It was the discussion of the time-limit resolution touching the itinerancy. Rev. E. J. Gray, of Pennsylvania, was opposed to the abolishment of the five-year limit. It would be drifting toward Congregationalism, he said, and would break up the whole plan of itinerancy. He said the abolishment of the time limit might help the better class of the churches, but would be hard on the weaker churches. It would create an oligarchy despotism, composed of the bishops and presiding elders, he said, to abolish the five-year limit, and therefore offered a substitute for the minority report providing for the submission of the question to the annual conferences. Elder Shank, of Nebraska, next got the floor and made a stirring speech in favor of abolishing the limit in the pastorate. He said the time-limit plan was a corpse, and should be buried.

The centennial celebration of the onehundredth anniversary of the first. Quadrennial Conference, was celebrated tonight by fifteen-minute addresses.

Western Unitarian Conference. CHICAGO, May 19 .- The thirty-eighth annual session of the Western Unitarian confeernce began vesterday at All Souls' Church, Oakwood bonlevard. Fifty delegates were present. Addresses were delivered by John E. Roberts, of Kansas City. Newton H. Mann, of Omaha, and H. C. Mc-Dougali, of Madison, Ind. Resolutions asking that the world's fair be open on Sunday will be laid before the conference to-morrow. This evening Prof. G. R. Freeman, of the Meadville Theological School, W. W. Fenn and Caroline N. Bartlett, of Kalamazoo, Mich., were the principal speakers.

A. M. E. Elections. PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—At the session of the Quadrennial Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal Church the following general officers were elected: Busipess manager, Rev. Dr. J. C. Embery; editor of the Christian Recorder, Rev. H. T. Johnsen; editor of the Review, Rev. Dr. J. L. Cotprin; secretary of missions, Rev. Dr. W. B. Perrick; finance secretary, Rev. Dr. J. H. Armstrong; secretary of the Sundayschool Union, Rev. Dr. C. S. Smith; secretary of education, Dr. E. D. Johnson; editor of the Southern Christian Recorder. Rev. Dr. A. M. Green, of Louisiana.

Brethren in Christ,

STEVENSVILLE, Ont., May 19.- The International Conference of the Brethren in Christ, commonly called "The River Brethren," has opened here with nearly two hundred representatives from the several churches in the United States and Canada in attendance. New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illingis, Indiana, Kansas and numerone other sections are represented. The sect numbers about ten thousand in the United Stales and Canada. Next year's conference is to be held at Morrison, ill.

That "Western-Man" Fad,

Memphis Appeal (Dem.) Before nominating a Western man for President, would it not be well to inquire what Western man can carry his own State? Boies had carried lows twice, but there is no evidence that he could carry it in a presidential contest. It is very doubtful whether Palmer could carry Himois. Campbell could not make it in Obio. Gray. of course, is out of the question, as his own State has another preference. So we might as well place the "some-good-Western-man" myth away among the lilacs.

Unreasonable Silverites,

Kansas City Journal. The rabid silver men seem to have a special spite at President Harrison. Yet Harrison has said more kind words for silver than any man who has been offered as his

Of Course He'il "Wallup" You, Memphis Appeal-Arabanche.

The Atlanta Constitution says: "Cleveland is a wilippus-wallopus.

[Concluded from First Page.] cially severe. Violent wind-storms have At Crookstone, Minn., Red Lake river rose four feet last night and is still rising. the heavy rains having been getting in

their work. At Madison, Minn., to-day the rain still continues to fall thick and fast. The town is nearly under water, and there are thousands of acres of grain there that will be drowned out by the great superfluity of Bishop Merrill announced the election of water.

A heavy rain-storm, accompanied by vio-lent wind, struck Lakefield last night, and to-day five inches of water fell in eighteen hours. Sloughs are flooded, lakes full, roads impassable, and many small bridges washed away. Several washouts are reported along the railway. No trains

At Jasper, Minn., yesterday, at 5 P. M., the worst rain-storm krown for years began and continued for five hours, and considerable damage was done to public roads and bridges. The trains on the Great Northern from the north were nine hours late, and the Sionx City and Sioux Falls train due last night at 10:40 P. M. was abandoned altogether, as three bridges between here and Sioux Falls are washed out and one or two on the Sioux City & Northern.

have arrived to-day.

One of the most severe storms of the year struck Duluth, Minn., to-day. The rain has been falling twenty-tour hours and the wind blows thirty-five miles an hour from the northwest. All the ice at the head of the lake is now piled up ten to twenty feet high before the entrance to the harbor of Superior. At Ninth avenue east, where Superior street crosses a ravine, a deep ent has been made by the swollen stream and half the width of the street washed out, including the street-railway tracks. But little other damage has been done by the storm. Captains of incoming steamers report terrific weather on the big lake and lookfor serious losses. On the north shore, near Port Arthur, the wind is reported to be blowing seventy miles an hour.

High Seas on the New Jersey Coast, ASBURY PARK, N. J., May 19 .- A violent storm is raging along the coast, and terribly high seas prevail. Rain is falling in torrents, and is driven in blinding sheets along the beach. A schooner has been driven ashore opposite the Beach House, and one report is that the crew leaped overboard, and reached the shore in safety. The storm prevents any one ascertaining the vessel's name, although she is supposed to be the Mary E. Simmons, whose crew was reported rescued by the steamer Old mean nothing but a joke. Delegates had Dominion, this afternoon, Telegraphic communication is shut off, there being a break in the wires between here and Seagirt. The waves have made a cut into the bluff at Long Branch, but the bulk-head below the fissure withstands the assaults of the waves.

Negroes Forced from Their Homes. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 19.-The river continues to rise here. The Elite Lumber Company's building, on the north side of the river, fell into the stream to-day. The loss is about \$25,000. The negroes of several plantations in the eastern part of Pulaski county have deserted their homes, leaving their stock. Trains on the valley route, between Pine Bluff and Arkansas City, had to be abandoned to-day, the water being at such a depth over the track the trains could not travel. Early this morning the Cummins levee in Jefferson county gave way, flooding about fifteen hundred acres, all planted in cotton.

Havoe of the Little Sioux,

CHEROKEE, Ia., May 19 .- The Little Sioux river has been running bank full for some time and a heavy and continuous rain Tuesday sent the river over the bottom lands. It is in places almost two miles wide. The damage to crops in the Little Sloux valley will be very great. The Illinois Central railroad tracks are badly washed, both east and west of the city. and it has been impossible to get authen-tic news from the Southside. Many alarming rumors are afloat. The city pumpingworks are under water and the city is threatened with a water famine. Several honses have been washed away.

No Danger at New Orleans. NEW ORLEANS, May 19.-The day has been bright and clear, and in consequence the levees have been much strengthened and the danger of other crevasses greatly lessened. No breaks occurred to-day except at Donaldsonville, where a second levee protected the town from damage. Reports from Gypsy levee, above New Or-leans, are that the Illinois Central tracks are considered safe and that the Valley road will have trains running in another week. The levees in front of New Orleans have been raised and there is no danger here.

Attempt to Destroy a Levee. GREENVILLE, Miss., May 19 .- A daring attempt was made below here to-night to blow up the levee above Beulah, in Bolivar county, with dynamite. It is an isolated spot. A white man was seen going to and leaving the place which protects Judge Miles's plantation. This excited suspicion, and an investigation resulted in the finding of the dynamite with a fuse attached. A hundred armed men are now searching for the miscreant, and if caught he will be

One Hundred Lives in Danger PINE BLUFF, Ark., May 19.-A telegram has just been received that the residents of Hensley island, in the Arkansas river, are in danger. There are one hundred negroes on it. Government relief boats have been sent out from Little Rock.

Flood and Storm Notes. It has rained twenty out of twenty-one days in Montgomery county, Indiana. The Wabash and the Rock Island tracks three miles west of Ottumwa, la., are un-

Thomas Murphy and Willie Hanson, boys, were drowned while attempting to ford a river at Donamuir, Cal. Long continued and heavy rains have flooded the low lands about Danville, Ill. The farmers are much discouraged.

There was a blinding snow-storm in the southern, central and north western parts of Wisconsin last evening and afternoon, Platte river, in Nebraska, is on the rampage. The waters are on a level with the

approaches to the Missouri Pacific bridge.

A funnel-shaped cloud that scurried over St. Louis county, Missouri, knocking down houses, added to the horrors of the flood The Burlington bridge, with a mile of track, has been swept away by the Missouri, near Plattsmouth, Neb. Keg creek

is badly swollen. The back-waters from the rivers in Nebraska bave converted vast stretches of country into lakes that vary from one to twenty feet in depth. A cold wave struck Cedar Rapids, Ia.

yesterday. The thermometer dropped

about 40 degrees. The wind blew fiercely, and it was cold enough to snow. For over three weeks it has rained at Wabash, Ind., every day, and the country is flooded. Unless the rain ceases very soon there will be secorn. There is hardly an acre planted in Wabash county.

The Red river flood has greatly weakened all railroad bridges, so that trains are no longer run over them. No mails from St. Louis have been received at Texarkana, Ark., since Saturday last.

It rained frogs in Missouri Wednesday. Philip Shearer, a farmer near Mexico, reports that from 8,000 to 10,000 of the batrachians fell on his place. They were of all sizes, and very much alive. Look out for a glut in the frog-leg market. There is eight hundred feet of the Chi-

cago, Milwaukee & St. Paul track and one bridge gone two miles east of Spencer. Ia. Numerous other small washouts are reported, leaving Spencer without any railroad communication whatever. The flood in the Arkansas river is a very disastrons one. Two Germans, who re-

drowned while attempting to cross to the city, and three children were drowned at a point a few miles above Clarksville. The Egyptian levee, which protects a vast area of bottom lands, five miles below Keokuk, Ia., broke yesterday. The waters of the Des Moines river floods the entire

sided opposite Clarksville, Ark., were

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

## ABSOLUTELY PURE

the St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern, south of Keokuk, have been abandoned. The streams near Dayton, O., are all at flood height and danger of washouts render railway traffic precarious. The Penusyl-

vania line has had a washout between Richmond and Hamilton, and sends all Cincinnati trains via Dayton to Chicago. Reports from ten counties in central Illinois indicate a condition of affairs as to farm work and crop prospects, the like of which has never before been known in that State. The farms are vast expanses of mud and ponds. Should the rain cease now it would require a whole week to dry the ground so that work could go on.

A tornado of fierce violence passed over the northwestern part of Hamilton county. Ohio, Wednesday afternoon, ploughing a furrow of destruction nearly three miles in length. A number of houses were de-molished. The wife of John Arnold was probably fatally injured. Mr. Arnold was blown several hundred feet, and had his shoulder dislocated. Reports from many points near Spencer, a., show great damage to crops of all

kinds and stock. Numerous herds of cattle grazing along the Sioux and Ochoydan rivers were surrounded by rapidly rising water and lost. The dam at the head of one of the lakes at Millard broke, causing a twofoot rise in the Sioux river at Spencer, the water being a foot higher than ever known. A cone-shaped cloud passed over Cone,

Ia., Tuesday evening. When first noticed it was about two miles south of the town in the Cedar-river bottoms. It was accompanied with a terrific roaring sound, and as it passed up the bottom, over the bluff, tore downon thuildings and unroofed barns and houses. Charles Gay, twenty yards and seriously hurt.

THE PRESIDENT'S VETO POWER.

Does the Constitution Prohibit Him from Vetoing Parts of Appropriation Bills? Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph. It is a question worth considering whether

the power of vetoing the items of appropriation bills is not a necessary implication from the powers already vested in the office. The language defining the veto power of the President is very broad. It is applicable to "every bill, order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary, except on a question of adjournment." No parliamentary decree or usage can abridge this power. The mere fact that a great mass of pills, or-ders and votes may be accumulated into one general bill cannot impair this anthority, or else it might be practically extinguished by lumping all the acts of Congress in a bill for the support of the government. It would be a decided gain in constitutional progress if President should assume the power to veto the items of appropriation bills, and sooner or later this will be done. When he does, any issue that might be raised will be for the Supreme Court to consider. The only way in which Congress can attempt to pass indgment upon the acts of the executive is by articles of impeachment, a proceeding that is altogether out of date and impracticable. The constitutional powers of the executive are far superior to those of Congress. The latter body is confined to the exercise of such legislative powers as are expressly granted in the Constitution. But to the President a plenary grant of power is made. The Constitution says "the executive power shall be vested in the President of the United States." He is not sworn to obey the laws passed by Congress, but his oath simply requires that he shall "faithfully execute the office of President of the United States" and "preserve, protect the Constitution of the United States." It would be quite within the bounds of this constitutional obligation for him to exercise his prerogative of veto in the manner necessary to defeat such plundering raids upon the Treasury as contemplated by the pending river and harbor bill.

COMMITTING HARA-KIRL

The Democratic Party Likely to Be Done to Death by Its House of Representatives. New York Tribune. The record of this Congress is not yet

complete, but it has gone far enough, in the judgment of the most sagacious Democrats, to render their defeat extremely probable. The first act of the Democratic majority in the House, the defeat of Mr. Mills in the interest of Tammany and its allies, shook the confidence of thousands of Democrats and Independents in the fidelity of the body to its professions. The refusal to frame a definite tariff bill as an exposition of Democratic purposes showed the kind of cunning which is always shortsighted. The selection of points in the tariff for attack was so unwise that the New York Times pronounced it "folly." The reduction of duties on woolen goods below those proposed by the Mills bill according to the declaration of prominent woolen manufacturers who are Democratic members of the House, was peculiarly calculated to deprive the party of all it had gained in the East. The vote on the silver bill was a double-edged blunder, cutting both ways. Itdamaged the party with sound business men throughout the country, because a great majority of the Democrats voted for a particularly reckless and dangerous measure. But it also roused the wrath of the silver fanatics and the moremoney cranks, because the enormous Democratic majority did not pass the bill. Both ways, the party deserved to suffer; it had no business to get votes in 1890 by promising free coinage, and it had no business, if compelled to vote for free coinage at all, to make the measure as dangerous as it could be to the currency and credit of the Nation. Now comes the suicide bill, with an aggregate of appropriations greater than any

other Congress has ever made, and with refusal to furnish money for the actual necessities of the public service. Millions for plunder; not enough for pensions, for justice or for the service of the people. From this time, no doubt, vociferous economy will give the people a diet of cheeseparings because the jobbers have run away with the cheese.

The Albany Machine. Harper's Weekly.

The most serious blow to the prospect of Democratic success in the election of this year, whoever may be the candidate, has been given by the course of the Democratic Legislature and executive in the State of New York. If the revolt within the party. which this course has produced, should triumph and end in a reorganization of the party as an agency of the views which reform Democrats hold, a more satisfactory political situation than now exists might be reached. One of the convincing arguments in the Republican convention at Chicago in 1800 against the nomination of Mr. Seward was that it would transfer to Washington the Albany Republican machine, a very modest instrument compared with the present Albany Democratic machine. Mr. Seward's friends were very sure of his nomination, but Abraham Lincoln was selected. What universal dismay and apprebension among all intelligent and patriotic Americans would not be produced by the prospect of the transfer to Washington, to operate with national resources upon a national arena, of the Democratic power which has been supreme at Albany during the last winter, which began the session with the theft of a Legislature, and ended with placing in the hands of Tammany Hall the control of the election in the city, which decides the result in the State!

What the Louisiana Lottery Lacked.

That organization had money, power, influence, everything in its favor, except public opinion, and the exception proved its death-blow.

PARK: THEATER THE ONLY THEATER OPEN A

This Afternoon-To-Night-The popular comedian

In the funntest of farce-comedies,

OH, WHAT A NIGHT An entirely new company, including the wonderful dancers.

THE SISTERS LEIGH, New Songs and Specialties.

PNext woek-ADA GRAY in "EAST LYNNE."

[NDIANAPOL] MONDAY, MAY 30.

West Washington Street Grounds. THE BARNUM & BAILEY

Together with Imre Kiralfy's Spectacle

COLUMBUS

Indisputably the World's Largest, Grandest, Best Amusement Institution. P. T. BARNUM and J. A. BAILEY, Equal Owners. Capital Invested, \$2,500,000. Daily Expenses \$7,300.

Actually 1,200 Performers and Artists.

Bings, 2 Elevated Stages, 2 Menageries.

Huge Columbus Stage 450 ft. Long. 3 Circus Companies. 50 Hippodrome Experts. 50 Aerielists. 100 Circus Performers. 100 Amazing and Daring Acts.



Desperate Races and Arenic Struggles 400 Horses in the Horse Fair. A Dozen Acts and Feats Simultaneously.

300 Beautiful Girls in the Ballet. Two Arnies in Realistic Battles, Tourneys, Sieges and Single Combats, Full Rigged Ships in Motion,
Triumphal Pageants of Amszing Grandeur,
Weird, Strange and Wonderful Sights. Herds of Elephants, Droves of Camels.

Multitudes of People, Soldiers.
Sailors, Kuights and Warriors. Ferdinand and Isabella's Brilliant Court



Every Country's Valuable Attractions. Trained Cats, Dogs, Pigs, Geese, Storks, Geats, Sheep, Monkeys, Bears, Lions, Tigers, Hyen is, Panthers, Leopards, Wolves, Zebras, Deer, Horses, Ponies, and Elephants.

Majestic Music. Grand Choruses. Imperial Displays. Truly an Unapproachable and Mighty Show. Performances Every Day, at 2 and 8 P. M. Doors open an hour earlier. Admission to all, 50c. Children under 9 yrs. 25c. tickets at usual slight advance at the C., H. & D. Ticket Office, Opposite Bates House.

New Million Dollar Street Parade. Illustrating American History and Nursery Rhmyes at 9 a. m on day of Show Popular Rates on All Railroads.



National Tube-Works WROUGHT-IRON PIPE Gas, Steam & Water

Boiler Tubes, Cast and Malleable Iron Fittings (black and galvanized), Valves, Stop Cocks, Engine rimmings, Steam Gauges, Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters Vises, Screw Plates and Dies Wrenches, Steam Traps, Pumps, kitchen Sinks, ose, Beltiag, Babbitt Metal, Solder, White and Colored Wiping Waste, and all other supplies used in connection with Gas, Steam and Water, Natural Gas supplies s specialty, steam-heating Apparatus for Public Buildings, Store-rooms, Mills, Shops, Factories, Laundries, Lumber Dry-houses, etc. Cut and Thread to order any size Wrought-iron Pipe from is much to 12 inches diameter.

Knight & Jillson,

S. PENNSYLVANIA ST

Good Until Used.

That's the history of the worthless locks with small keys that some people confuse with the "YALE." The genuine "YALE" lock, like genuine love, laughs at locksmiths, and stands the world over for the greatest convenience, the greatest strength, and the greatest security. Be sure you get the genuine, by being sure that the word "YALE" is stamped on every Key. Sold wherever locks sell.

RECRUITING RENDEZVOUS, U. S. ARMY, No. 8212 East Washington street, Indianapolis, Ind., May 14, 1892. Sealed proposals, in duplicate. subject to the usual conditions, with be received at this office until 12 o'clock m., on Thursday, the litth day of June, 1892, at which time and place they will be opened in presence of such bidders as may aftend the opening, for supplying at Indianapolis, Ind., cooked rations for recruiting party and recruits for the fiscal year, commencing July 1, 1892, and ending June 30, 1893. Contracts made under this adveritsement shall not be construed to involve the United States in any obligation for payment in excess of appropriation granted by Congress for this purpose. I alien consists of three meals per day. Proposals for furnishing rations at a place objectionable for recruits will not be considered. The government of the considered of t ernment reserves the right to reject any or all prodistrict. The high winds prevailing have caused great damage. The whole town of Alexandria, Mo., is completely submerged.

All trains an the Keokuk & Western and Via Pennsylvania Line from Indianapolis.

Name of the possals should be marked "Proposals for Cooked kations," and addressed to the undersigned. For blank proposals and other information apply at this office. H. VANCE, Captain, 19th Indianary, Recruiting Offices.